

BOUTWELL'S LAST ASSAULT UPON THE PRESIDENT—A GOOD GESTION.

From the N. Y. Evening Post, (Radical.)
Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, who made himself somewhat notorious by the violence of his language in a caucus meeting during the last session of Congress, is reported to have said in the meeting of Saturday evening that he "intended to offer soon a resolution calling upon the President and Secretary of State for the correspondence on the subject of John H. Surratt. He said he had reason to believe that during the search for John A. Surratt, his hiding-place was known to the President, and that it was by the connivance of Andrew Johnson that the escape of Surratt was finally effected."

There is, we believe, no doubt of Surratt's guilt. Any one who has aided in the escape of a murderer becomes thereby an accessory after the fact, which is to be a partaker in the guilt, and subject to the same punishment as the chief criminal. If Mr. Boutwell knows Mr. Johnson to be thus guilty, it is his duty to the nation to expose him, not in a caucus meeting, but by lodging his information before a court of justice.

If, on the contrary, he spoke on Saturday evening from the mere violence of party hatred, he committed an indecency which makes him unfit to sit in the House, and he ought to be promptly expelled. It is the duty of the House of Representatives, as soon as it meets, to call upon him for the proofs which alone can excuse and justify his gross language. If he cannot furnish them—if his "reason to believe" is discovered to be founded, as we suppose it will, upon the malicious glibness of a set of half-true scandal-mongers, who have during the whole summer and fall busied themselves with whispering to those who would listen to them, the most absurd and preposterous scandal about the President, then the House of Representatives will owe it to its own self-respect to expel Mr. Boutwell; and thus teach others that official position cannot shield vicious slanderers. The President of the United States is helpless against such attacks as that of Mr. Boutwell. If he were a private individual, he could bring a suit for libel and gross defamation of character against him, and any court in the land would decree exemplary punishment upon the slanderer.

RETURN OF BISHOP HOPKINS FROM THE SOUTH—WHAT HE SAW THERE.

From the Church Journal.
The presiding Bishop's tour to Louisiana and Kentucky was one of more than common importance in many points of view. It was the first time that any presiding Bishop had been requested to travel to such great distances in the personal performance of his duty as consecrator; and in both cases there was an earnest request for his presence, both from the Bishop elect and from the standing committee of the diocese. Then again it was the first visit of any of our Bishops, since the war, to any of the Gulf divisions, and might thus be well regarded as the visible realization of the restored union of the church. It was received with the most generous warmth and with an overflowing cordiality which touched him deeply, but the details of which it would hardly be in good taste to spread before the public. Everywhere churchmen seem disposed to thank God and take courage, and are awake to the glorious opportunity of the church, now so visible to all sides.

The one great drawback is the want of means and men. The failure of both the corn and the cotton crops, through large regions of the South, make the pecuniary prostration deeper than ever. Wide fields of blighted corn and stunted and dried up cotton, meet the eye on every side. Here and there are ruins of the war; low brick pillars on which extensive buildings once rested, which have left only a few charred fragments behind. Jackson, Mississippi, is partly a mass of ruins, and the church site stands empty of all but grass and the old rusty iron furnace standing alone in the weather. We heard not a disloyal word from a white man, and not a disrespectful word from a colored man, during the quiet trip; and the city of New Orleans is so quiet and orderly that ladies of the highest standing walk alone in the streets after dark without escort. But everywhere the greatest exertions are being made to repair the ravages of war, and restore the interrupted industries of peace, and every passing day helps the good work. We earnestly beg of our friends, everywhere, to respond with all the ability in their power to every appeal from the South and the Southwest, and that not for spiritual needs only. Famine seriously threatens large portions of the South, and organizations are already being formed in Louisville for its relief.

A GORILLA CAPTURED.

M. de Langle has forwarded to the French Academy the following account of a young gorilla recently captured:
"GABON, THE ZENONIA, 20th July, 1866.—My subject is a female. I am told by the black who brought it to me that the mother was in a palm tree when he carried off the animal. It was eating the palm fruit, those from which the oil is made. The little 'Gina' is always suspended from its mother in front in such a position as to be able to suck at any moment, and it always takes up that position when the person who carries it lets it do as it likes. But it is very soon troublesome, and when you wish to make it give up that position it utters cries, and it is only by trick that it can be made to let go its hold. The sailors manage to strip of their jerseys, and in this way to let the poor Gina fight with the garment. Great is its astonishment when it finds that the people it has fallen among can get rid of their skin at pleasure, and it envelops itself in the cast-off garment. This does not last long, and it begins its rounds over again until it finds a new friend. It likes bread; in fact, is very fond of it, and often prefers it to fruit, which makes me hope that it will survive the passage to France."

M. DE CHAILLY, the celebrated traveler, in a lecture on the manners and customs of the people of Africa, stated that a woman who had a series of cuts on her face, and four front teeth pulled out, was considered a beauty. They were "chignons" of enormous size, and it took them ten or twelve years to grow sufficient hair to bring them to perfection.

The Wilmington (N. C.) Journal says that the peanut crop of that section of the State will be about half as large as before the war. The average then was about eighty thousand bushels.

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL'S REPORT.

The report of Postmaster General Randall, for which we have no room in this issue, states that the expenditures of his Department for the year ending June 30, 1866, were \$15,352,079. The receipts fell short of this sum \$965,093 09, being \$14,386,985 21. This deficiency was, however, provided for by an act of Congress. The expenditures were twelve per cent greater, and the receipts 11 per cent less than last year. The estimated expenditures for 1867-8 are \$17,583,000, and the receipts for the same time \$10,106,335. An appropriation for free matter of \$700,000 is also required, making the probable excess of expenditures \$1,770,665. No special legislation to meet this deficiency will be required, as the unexpended standing appropriations for free matter are deemed sufficient. The sum of \$1,550,000 will, however, be needed for the overland and foreign mail service. During the past year 347,734,325 postage stamps, representing \$10,516,661, and 30,386,200 stamped envelopes representing \$921,500 50, were issued. There were in service on the 30th of June 6,069 contractors for the transportation of the mails. The aggregate length of mail routes in miles was 180,921, and the aggregate annual transportation 71,837,914 miles, an increase of transportation of 13,724,430 miles. A new postal treaty has been ratified with Great Britain, which will reduce the rates of postage one-half, remove all restrictions on the exchange of printed matter at reduced charges, and make prepayment compulsory. Other important advantages are also included. It is hoped that this treaty will soon go into effect, though no time has been fixed. During the year 1,143 postoffices have been established and 636 discontinued. The free delivery system is in operation in forty-six cities. About 4,500,000 dead letters have been received and disposed of, and about 600,000 unmailed letters. The appointment of a Superintendent of the Dead Letter Office is recommended. There are 766 money order offices in operation. The net profits of the system during the year were \$90 82. It works well, though some improvements are suggested.

Not So Bad.—The little folks sometimes give utterance, to very original and quaint ideas. One of our friends carried his children to the great Mt. Lebanon tabernacle a few nights since, much to their delight, of course. Intently they watched the gorgeous paintings as they slowly passed before their enraptured gaze, until the picture of Eve's temptation loomed out from the canvass. Turning to our friend, his little boy, with an air at once compassionate and apologetic, said: "Pa! I don't think it was so much harm for Eve to eat that apple, for if she hadn't taken it those children of hers would have climbed the tree and eaten the last apple on it—she couldn't have kept them out." We don't know what the father replied, but we thought the little scamp evinced a very thorough knowledge of human nature as found in boys.—*Amulet.*

THE Upper Missouri business this year is altogether unprecedented. Formerly a boat or two ventured in that trade with the spring freshets, but this year a fleet has been steadily employed, and Fort Rice, Fort Sully and Fort Benton have become familiar names in St. Louis.

THE St. Louis Chamber of Commerce proposes that a convention be held in that city to secure the construction of a canal around the Mississippi Rapids, as recommended by Gen. Wilson, who made the survey.

NOTICE TO OWNERS.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS, PACKAGES AND ARTICLES, originally consigned to or left in care of Boyd & Pockles, now remaining unsold for and in my possession, will, if not claimed by the proper owners within thirty days from the date of this notice, be sold at public auction in payment of freight and charges. Claimants of goods will be required to identify themselves before delivery.

Marked "B"—18 kegs putty, 25 pounds each; 30 kegs white lead, 50 pounds each; 10 kegs white lead, 100 pounds each.

TOMMY MONTAN, Nashville, Tenn.—8 boxes WM. WALTON, Murfreesboro, Tenn.—1 box clothing.

WM. DEVEREUX, Col. 1st battalion U. S. Infantry, Nashville, Tenn.—1 stove, metal; 1 box containing vessels for stove.

REV. PETER JOHN, Nashville, Tenn.—1 box merchandise.

MRS. MARY LEWIS, Nashville, Tenn.—1 chest sundries.

MRS. MARTHA FOWLER, Cleveland, Tenn.—4 boxes h. h. goods.

E. WOOLE, Nashville, Tenn.—1 box cooking stoves.

DR. H. A. PETERMAN, Surgeon J. H. Michigan Infantry, (care Capt. of Co. H.) Chattanooga, Tenn.—1 box.

CAMPBELL & WILSON, Nashville, Tenn.—1 box.

For Sale to take place at the warehouse of Corbett & Bond, No. 24 Front street, on the 15th December next.

W. M. BOYD.

Nashville, Nov. 15, 1866. nov23-2w

ALFRED T. POPE. FRANK CAMP.

POPE & CAMP,

Attorneys at Law,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office, Fifth and Jefferson, Saratoga Building, (up stairs.)

nov23-1m

GEORGE H. EID, W. H. CHADBOURN, J. T. BROWN.

REID, CHADBOURN & CO.

(Successors to French & Co.)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

General Commission Merchants,

Corner of Clarke and Front Streets,

167-13 NASHVILLE, TENN.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A F. F. A. TO ME DIRECTED and delivered, from the Circuit Court of Davidson county, Tenn., I will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Nashville, on THURSDAY, the 22d day of December, 1866, all the right, title, claim, interest and estate which James H. Austin has in the following described tract or parcel of land, bounded as follows: On the north by Wm. H. Hogan's and George Richard's, on the west by Mrs. Young's and Daniel Clark's, on the south by J. R. Rouse's, on the east by James Halloway and Mrs. Wright—150 ACRES, more or less; being the land on which the said James H. Austin now lives, levied on as the property of said Austin, to satisfy said execution in my hands for collection against James H. Austin, James H. Austin, and Thomas A. Harris, in favor of George Richard, November 1866.

E. E. PATTERSON, Sheriff.

By Jno. H. BIRKE, Special Deputy.

dec1-16

EDWARD WILDER'S FALL TRADE.

WM. LYON & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding
Merchants and Dealers.

WE WOULD ANNOUNCE TO OUR OLD CUSTOMERS, and the trading public generally, that we are now prepared with a large and well-assorted stock of

Iron, Castings, Copper, Nails, Spr in gs,

Axles, Horse Shoes and Nails,

Carriage and Machine Bolts,

Blacksmith Tools, Axes, Grindstones, Pump Chains and Tubing, Hammers, Collars, Log and Drawing Chains, Sash, Glass, Straw-Cutters, Corn-Shellers, Cement, Land Plaster, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Cincinnati Steel and Pittsburg Wrought Iron Flows, Water Filters. Also, the celebrated

Union Washing-Machines

and various other articles in our line.

WM. LYON & CO.,
No. 45 South Market street,
Nashville, Tennessee.
[Press & Times copy.] sep13-3m

R. B. CHEATHAM & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers,
DEALERS IN

FINE BRANDIES, WINES,
DOMESTIC LIQUORS,
TOBACCO, CIGARS,

etc., etc.,

Cor. College and Church Sts.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

100 bags choice Rio Coffee.

125 bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugar.

140 bbls Coffee Sugar.

50 " Mackerel, No. 1 and 2.

25 " " No. 3.

150 kits " No. 1, 2 and 3.

200 boxes Star Candles.

125 " Soap (assorted).

5 Tierces fresh Rice.

25 bbls Cider Vinegar.

650 " Extra Family Flour, Springfield and Port Royal Mills.

100 bbls, 1 bbls and kegs country Lard.

5 tierces Dried Beef.

50 bbls N. O. Molasses and Syrups.

50 bbls Sorghum Molasses.

10000 bushels Cotton Seed.

Together with an assortment of

FRESH CANNED FRUITS.

Strawberry.

Peaches.

Tomatoes.

Pickles.

Sardines.

Oysters.

Brandy Peaches.

and Cherries.

Worcester

and Pepper Sauce.

Spices, Pepper, etc., etc.

LIQUORS.

AMONGST WHICH ARE

6 Pipes Fine Brandy.

Hennecy, Otard, Dupey & Co.,

Pinto Castillon; vintage, 1849, '52, and '57

34 United Vineyard; Proprietors; 1850,

4 Rochelle.

3 Puncheons best Irish and Scotch Whisky

2 Pipes Jamaica Rum,

6 Pipes N. E. "

65 4 casks Sherry and Port Wine, all grades,

8 4 casks pure Malt Wine,

4 Pipes pure Holland Gin,

75 boxes St. Marcoux Champagne,

30 " Cabinet "

65 " Heidick "

125 boxes Claret, very fine.

WHISKY.

10 bbls "Old Crow," 1855, warranted superior to any ever offered in Nashville.

185 bbls pure Robertson County, old and fine

130 " Bourbon, all grades,

23 " Apple Brandy, pure,

8 " Peach Brandy, pure.

Anise, Curacao, Absynthe,

Maraschino, Wampoo Drakes,

Plantation and Bokers' Bitters

and London Club.

5,000 Genuine Imported Havana Cigars.

110,000 Baltimore, all grades;

Together with a general assortment of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

R. B. CHEATHAM & CO.

nov11-10 Jan15

HILL McALISTER & ALLEN,

(Successors to J. A. McAlister & Co.,

Commission and Forwarding

MERCHANTS

COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS,

Cor. Broad and College Sts.,

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

nov13-1f

Wholesale Druggists,

215 (MARBLE FRONT) MAIN ST.,

Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

nov29

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